

of this lake (SE. $\frac{1}{4}$, Sec. 31, Armstrong township, Oconto county), we found a fine conical mound. This earthwork was 45 feet in diameter and 10 feet high. It had been opened by relic hunters and a large pit in its center left open. This mound lies about 120 yards north of the lake. At a distance of about 40 yards both east and west of the mound are two plots of garden beds. In some of these the ridges run east and west, and in others north and south. The beds are about 10 inches high, 20 inches wide, and are separated by paths having a width of about 20 inches. Each plot is composed of a number of smaller plots, the beds in each extending in a different direction. Between the mound and garden beds and the shore of the lake is a village site. The indications extend from the shore northward between the mound and the western plot of beds and from this point west to the crest of a small hill. The mound and village site are on cut-over land which slopes very gradually toward the lake, and east to a swale through which flows the outlet of the lake. West of the mound and site is a hill which slopes to a marsh which borders a large pond formed by the Oconto river.

Distributed over the surface of the ground on the village site were a large quantity of quartz and a small number of chert chips and fragments. The only finished products of the Indian artisans recovered were a small leaf-shaped blank of opaque white quartz, and a tiny white chert point, the character of which indicates that it is probably unfinished. Of the potsherds a few were ornamented with broad, depressed, parallel vertical markings such as can be made with the fingers. These begin within less than an inch of the pot-rim. They probably extended downward for a short distance toward the shoulder of the vessel. As these markings are found on both sides of the sherds it is very evident that this ornamental treatment appeared on both the exterior and interior of the pot. This manner of ornamenting pottery vessels is not of uncommon occurrence on potsherds recovered from Indian village sites in other sections of the state. The tempering ma-